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11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
12 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
13 SAN JOSE DIVISION
14

15 THE FACEBOOK, INC. and MARK
16 ZUCKERBERG,

17 Plaintiffs,

18 v.

19 CONNECTU, INC. (formerly known as
20 CONNECTU, LLC), PACIFIC
21 NORTHWEST SOFTWARE, INC.,
22 WINSTON WILLIAMS, WAYNE CHANG,
23 and DAVID GUCWA,

24 Defendants.
25
26
27
28

Case No. 5:07-CV-01389-RS

**PLAINTIFFS' RESPONSE TO
FINNEGAN'S MOTION TO
WITHDRAW AS COUNSEL FOR
WINSTON WILLIAMS**

Date: January 23, 2008

Time: 9:30 A.M.

Judge: Honorable Richard Seeborg

1 **I. INTRODUCTION**

2 Plaintiffs do not, as a general proposition, oppose Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett
3 & Dunner's Motion to Withdraw as Counsel for Defendant Winston Williams, if the withdrawal
4 is subject to conditions limiting prejudice to Plaintiffs. If conditions are not imposed, Plaintiffs
5 oppose the request.

6 Courts will condition withdrawal of counsel in order to reduce prejudice to the opposing
7 party. Here, conditions are particularly appropriate. In light of Finnegan's inability to
8 communicate with Williams, he likely is unaware of the present motion. As such, he may attempt
9 to re-establish communication with Finnegan – the firm he believes to be representing him.
10 Under the circumstances, and in order to avoid prejudice to Plaintiffs, any withdrawal must be
11 subject to 1) Finnegan's acceptance of service of papers in this matter pursuant to Local Rule 11-
12 5, 2) Finnegan's filing of an affidavit detailing any further attempts to contact Williams and a list
13 of addresses at which Williams has been known to live or otherwise occupy, 3) Finnegan's
14 notification to the Court and Plaintiffs immediately upon contact with Williams, 4) the other
15 Defendants' compliance with discovery obligations, 5) an adverse inference being drawn against
16 Defendants' if they use Williams' unavailability as a basis to avoid responding to discovery,
17 6) Defendants' agreement not to seek further delays in this case based on Williams'
18 disappearance, and 7) Defendants' agreement not to seek to avoid liability by claiming only
19 Williams is responsible.

20 Absent these conditions, the Court and Plaintiffs will be unfairly prejudiced. Defendants
21 will continue to use Williams as an excuse to refuse to provide substantive responses to discovery
22 and will likely seek to delay this matter pending Williams' inevitable return. Further, Plaintiffs
23 will be prejudiced by the delay these issues will bring to their ability to resolve a case that has
24 been pending for over two years.

25 **II. BACKGROUND**

26 In May 2007, the Court authorized expedited jurisdictional discovery related to a Motion
27 to Dismiss filed by Winston Williams and Pacific Northwest Software ("PNS"). Doc. No. 74. As
28 part of that discovery, Plaintiffs served four interrogatories on each defendant related to their

1 contacts with California. Decl. of Theresa Sutton in Supp. of Resp. to Mot. to Withdraw (“Sutton
2 Decl.”), Ex. A. Plaintiffs took limited depositions of each defendant for approximately four hours
3 each. Dissatisfied with PNS’ and Williams’ responses to the interrogatories, on October 17,
4 2007, Plaintiffs moved to compel further responses to Interrogatory Nos. 3 and 4. Doc. No. 212.

5 On November 7, 2007, Plaintiffs served a set of interrogatories on all Defendants. Sutton
6 Decl., Ex. B. This set of interrogatories seeks identification of the user accounts and passwords
7 used by the defendants to access the Facebook website, as well as the number of emails sent to
8 invite Facebook users to join ConnectU. On December 5, 2007, a month after Williams
9 purportedly disappeared, Finnegan requested a 30-day extension of time for all defendants to
10 respond to this set of interrogatories. *Id.*, Ex. C. Finnegan’s request did not explain that it was
11 not able to communicate with Williams, nor did Finnegan cite the failure of communication as a
12 basis for the extension. Plaintiffs offered to condition the month-long extension on Defendants’
13 promise to provide full and complete responses. *Id.*, Ex. D. Finnegan did not respond to this
14 offer. Instead, on December 10, 2007, 35 days after Williams’ alleged disappearance, Finnegan
15 served on behalf of all Defendants, *including Williams*, responses to this set of interrogatories.¹
16 *Id.*, Ex. E. Williams’ responses make no reference to his unavailability, but instead indicate that
17 the interrogatories cannot be answered because they purportedly did not understand the
18 definitions in the requests. *Id.*

19 On November 21, 2007, Plaintiffs served a set of Requests for Production of Documents
20 on each of Williams and PNS. *Id.*, Ex. F. Their responses were due on December 24, 2007.
21 Finnegan did not, on Williams’ behalf, seek an extension to respond to these requests, despite
22 Finnegan’s apparent concerns about its inability to communicate with Williams. Instead,
23 Williams served a response on December 26, 2007, in which he refuses to produce any responsive
24 documents – not because he is not available, but largely because to do so would be “expensive.”
25 *Id.*, Ex. G.

26
27 ¹ Each defendant served a separate response to these interrogatories. Nothing about Williams’
28 responses differs from the other defendants’ responses. Williams’ responses make no mention of
his unavailability and, in fact, offers to meet and confer regarding his responses. *See, e.g.*, Sutton
Decl., Ex. E, 5:1-3.

1 On December 12, 2007, two days after Williams served responses to interrogatories, the
2 Court issued an Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel Supplemental Responses to
3 Interrogatories ("Order"). Doc. No. 234. Two days later, Finnegan notified Plaintiffs for the first
4 time of its inability to communicate with Williams. Sutton Decl., Ex. H.

5 Numerous discovery disputes currently exist. The parties met and conferred on
6 December 24, 2007, in an effort to resolve Defendants' objections to Plaintiffs' November 7
7 Interrogatories. The parties were unable to resolve all of the deficiencies in Defendants'
8 responses. At no time during the discussion about Defendants' responses did counsel for
9 Williams indicate that he would not be able to provide further responses for Williams.

10 **III. ARGUMENT**

11 **A. If Finnegan's Withdrawal Can Be Accomplished Without Further Prejudice** 12 **to Plaintiffs, They Do Not Oppose The Motion**

13 While Plaintiffs have serious questions about Williams' current discovery responses by
14 his current counsel, Plaintiffs are not generally opposed to Finnegan's request to withdraw as
15 counsel for Williams, so long as the withdrawal is conditioned so as not to further prejudice
16 Plaintiffs' ability to move this case forward. *California v. M & P Invs.*, No. CIV. 00-2441
17 FCD/JFM, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 81131, *13 (E.D. Cal. Oct. 22, 2007) ("Leave to withdraw
18 may be granted subject to such appropriate conditions as the Court deems fit.").

19 To avoid any prejudice, withdrawal must be conditioned on Finnegan's agreement to
20 accept service of papers in this matter unless or until Williams appears by other counsel, as
21 required by the Local Rules. Civ. L. R. 11-5(b); *see also Britesmile, Inc. v. Discus Dental, Inc.*,
22 No. C02-03220 JSW, 2005 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 30871, *1 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 15, 2005); *El Hage v.*
23 *United States Sec. Assocs.*, No. C06-7828 TEH, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 93633 (N.D. Cal. Dec.
24 10, 2007) (where court imposed conditions on withdrawal, the failure of which to comply would
25 result in denial of the motion). Because Finnegan has been unable to communicate with
26 Williams, he presumably is unaware of the present motion. Williams' lack of knowledge and
27 inability to assent to the withdrawal, however, should not result in prejudice to Plaintiffs' ability
28 to serve all parties when necessary. Civ. L. R. 11-5(b) (notice required "reasonably in advance");

1 Rule 3-700(A)(2) of the Rules of Professional Conduct of the State Bar of California (notice required).

2 Finnegan also must be required to provide Williams' contact information to Plaintiffs.

3 *See, e.g., California v. M & P Invs.*, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 81131, *12 (where local rule required
4 that the attorney to "provide an affidavit stating the current or last known address or addresses of
5 the client"). And, should Finnegan learn of Williams' location at any time while this matter is
6 pending, it must bring his whereabouts to the Court's and Plaintiff's attention immediately.

7 Finnegan's withdrawal also must be conditioned on Defendants' diligent compliance with
8 their discovery obligations. Withdrawal by counsel should not enable Defendants, who are
9 represented by Finnegan, to claim Williams is the only person capable of providing discovery
10 responses and, therefore, they cannot respond adequately. *See, e.g., Sutton Decl., Ex. I* (PNS'
11 response to Interrogatory Nos. 3 and 4). Based on the evidence collected to date, at least
12 defendants Chang, Gucwa and PNS were as involved in the development of the software used to
13 breach Facebook's security, steal data and spam users as Williams was. *Id.*, Exs. J, K.
14 Defendants also must not seek any further delays in this matter on the ground that Williams is
15 incommunicado.

16 Similarly, Defendants should not be permitted to avoid liability by claiming Williams is at
17 fault for all of the alleged wrongdoing. The evidence collected to date shows that all of the
18 defendants were involved, some as much as Williams. *Id.*

19 These conditions place no significant burden on Finnegan and do not change Defendants'
20 obligations. Yet, a withdrawal subject to these conditions, will provide Plaintiffs assurance that
21 Williams' disappearance and Finnegan's withdrawal will not prejudice Plaintiffs' ability to move
22 this case along and get it resolved on the merits.

23 **B. Finnegan's Analysis Under the Guiding Principles for Addressing Motions To**
24 **Withdraw Is Incomplete**

25 As noted in Finnegan's moving papers, some Northern District of California Courts have
26 used the following guidelines to determine whether to grant or deny a motion to withdraw:

27 (1) the reasons why withdrawal is sought; (2) the prejudice
28 withdrawal may cause to other litigants; (3) the harm withdrawal
might cause to the administration of justice; and (4) the degree to
which withdrawal will delay the resolution of the case.

1 *Irwin v. Mascott*, No. C97-4737 JL, 2004 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 28264, *4 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 1, 2004).
2 While Plaintiffs believe that analysis of the present facts in light of these guidelines dictates
3 against withdrawal, if the withdrawal is subject to the conditions as described above to eliminate
4 the potential for prejudice, the motion may be granted. *California v. M & P Invs.*, 2007 U.S. Dist.
5 LEXIS 81131.

6 **1. Litigants May be Prejudiced if Finnegan is Permitted to Withdraw**

7 Finnegan incorrectly argues that none of the parties will be prejudiced if it is permitted to
8 withdraw from representing Williams. Plaintiffs will be prejudiced. Plaintiffs will have no
9 means for contacting Williams, serving him as required by the Rules or ensuring the Court
10 maintains effective jurisdiction over him. Furthermore, history has shown that the other
11 defendants will seek to escape their discovery obligations by pointing to Williams as the source of
12 all relevant information. Sutton Decl., Exs. I, L-N. Finnegan currently is the only known direct
13 link to Williams. Even if Williams has not communicated over the last month or so, there is no
14 reason to believe he will not reappear and reach out to Finnegan – the firm Williams knows to be
15 representing him. Further, if Williams does contact Finnegan after it is permitted to withdraw, it
16 will have no obligation to inform the Court or the parties that the firm is in contact with him.

17 Plaintiffs also will be prejudiced if ConnectU's and PNS' prior assertions about Williams'
18 involvement in the acts giving rise to this action are accepted as true. Both ConnectU and PNS
19 have repeatedly argued that Williams developed the Importer and Social Butterfly programs and
20 that he, alone, has knowledge of the facts. *Id.* Plaintiffs believe substantial evidence exists to call
21 that assertion into question.

22 In addition, Williams himself will be prejudiced by Finnegan's withdrawal. He
23 presumably is unaware that such a request has been made and, given his financial status as
24 repeatedly argued by Finnegan, he likely will be unable to engage substitute counsel. If Finnegan
25 withdraws without condition, Williams will not be served with documents in this matter, will not
26 be advised of his rights and responsibilities, will not be notified of any settlement efforts, and will
27 run the risk of defaulting.

28 Finnegan argues that Plaintiffs have received all relevant documents that Williams had in

1 his possession. Mot. to Withdraw, 6:8-9. In fact, Mr. Williams has produced no documents. In
2 addition, Williams testified in his deposition that his laptop was stolen earlier this year.² Notably,
3 in its motion, Finnegan admits that Williams reviewed “files and documents he had in his
4 possession.” *Id.*, 2:13-15. To the extent Finnegan has taken possession or control of these “files
5 and documents,” they must be produced. Finnegan and Williams should not be permitted to use
6 the proposed withdrawal to prevent Plaintiffs from obtaining relevant discovery.

7 Finnegan also erroneously contends that Williams’ four hour deposition related to
8 jurisdiction elicited all testimony Plaintiffs believe was necessary for this case. *Id.*, 6:9-11. That
9 deposition was authorized by the Court as part of expedited discovery related to the then-pending
10 motion to dismiss. Doc. No. 74. The subject matter was limited, and all of the questions asked
11 were related to a single issue – jurisdiction. Plaintiffs are prepared to notice a general deposition
12 of Williams on all issues related to this case as soon as possible.

13 **2. Finnegan’s Withdrawal May Interfere with This Court’s**
14 **Administration of Justice**

15 Finnegan incorrectly argues that this “case has little to do with Williams.” Indeed,
16 ConnectU and PNS repeatedly asserted that Williams developed the Importer and Social Butterfly
17 programs used to breach Facebook security and steal user data. Sutton Decl., Exs. L-1, 87:1-3,
18 106:10-15, 109:19-22; L-2, 86:1-16; M-1, 98:17-22, M-2, 61:25-62:4, ; *see also* Ex. K (“WW
19 took over the [Social Butterfly] project completely”). These facts are important to the case.
20 Notably, ConnectU and PNS repeatedly assert that Williams is the only person capable of
21 providing substantive discovery responses. *Id.*, Exs. J (at 3 and 4); M-2, 89:2-25; M-1, 90:1,
22 116:9-16, 137:4-18, 204:6-20; N; *see also* Doc. No. 220, fn6.

23 In addition, the Court’s ability to maintain any meaningful jurisdiction over Williams will
24 be limited if he is not represented by counsel. Other courts have held that the

25 Court must balance the interests of Defendants, whose whereabouts
26 are unknown and who have shown little respect for the Court’s
orders in the past, their attorneys, who are understandably reluctant

27 ² His failure to produce documents is particularly troublesome because Williams was served in
28 December 2006, with a subpoena for documents. One of the currently outstanding document
requests seeks all documents collected and preserved in response to that subpoena. Sutton Decl.,
Ex. F at Request No. 26.

1 to continue to represent them, and Plaintiffs, who cannot obtain
2 even basic discovery

3 *Irwin*, 2004 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 28264, *9. If the Court permits Finnegan to withdraw, Williams
4 “will effectively elude this Court’s jurisdiction and escape the consequences of violating both
5 federal law and the orders of this Court.” *Id.* at *10-11. The *Irwin* court found such a result to be
6 a “grave injustice to Plaintiffs and a mockery of the jurisdiction of this Court.” *Id.* at *11.

7 **3. Finnegan’s Withdrawal Could Delay This Case**

8 As noted above, if Finnegan is permitted to withdraw, Plaintiffs run the risk that discovery
9 will be stalled. Indeed, responses to the interrogatories that are subject to the Order have been
10 outstanding since June 2007. If Finnegan withdraws, discovery will only be delayed further. As
11 noted above, Finnegan admits in its motion that Williams has “files and documents ... in his
12 possession.” Mot. to Withdraw, 2:13-15. Finnegan’s withdrawal may mean that those files and
13 documents are never produced to Plaintiffs. Further, PNS is now likely to respond to the Order
14 requiring its and Williams’ collaboration in providing meaningful interrogatory responses by
15 indicating that it cannot possibly provide further information without Williams. If Williams is
16 represented, Finnegan continues to have a duty to this Court and his clients to ensure compliance
17 with the Order. If Finnegan withdraws, it will be permitted to wash its hands of this issue.

18 **C. Plaintiffs Are Not To Blame for Williams’ Failure To Provide Adequate
19 Interrogatory Responses**

20 Though irrelevant to the present motion, Finnegan devotes a fair amount of argument to
21 accusing Plaintiffs of “surprising” Williams with information that Defendants should have
22 initially included in their interrogatory responses. The “three (3) new documents” to which
23 Finnegan refers (Mot. to Withdraw, 2:23-27), consist of 1) excerpts from Williams’ deposition
24 testimony (a deposition defended by Finnegan), 2) documents produced in this litigation by
25 Defendant Gucwa and served upon Finnegan, and 3) documents produced by Finnegan on PNS’
26 behalf. The “additional document” submitted in a supplemental declaration also was produced by
27 PNS in this litigation. Finnegan does not explain why PNS and Williams should not be
28 responsible for reviewing their own files to provide complete responses to interrogatories.
Finnegan’s attack is a red herring.

IV. CONCLUSION

If Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner's withdrawal can be condition so as not to impose prejudice on Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs are not opposed to the request. Absent the above-described conditions, Plaintiffs will suffer prejudice by the proposed withdrawal and, thus, would oppose the motion to eliminate such prejudice.

Dated: January 2, 2008

ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP

/s/ Theresa A. Sutton /s/

Theresa A. Sutton
Attorneys for Plaintiffs
THE FACEBOOK, INC. and MARK
ZUCKERBERG

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that this document(s) filed through the ECF system will be sent electronically to the registered participants as identified on the Notice of Electronic Filing (NEF) and paper copies will be sent to those indicated as non registered participants on January 2, 2008.

Dated: January 2, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Name Here /s/

Name of Attorney